

2011 Census release: Ward profile

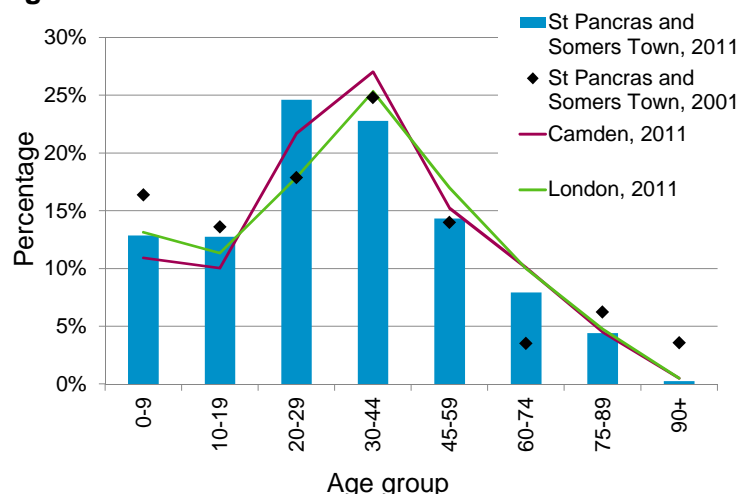
E05000143 St Pancras and Somers Town

March 2013

This profile provides information on key demographics, health care, household and employment status for this ward primarily based on the 2011 Census data. It shows both the differences between the Camden average and the ward, and where available, between the 2001 and 2011 Census figures. All data for 2011 were published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) in January 2013. All data are available at www.ons.gov.uk. Unless otherwise stated, data are for 2011.

DEMOGRAPHICS

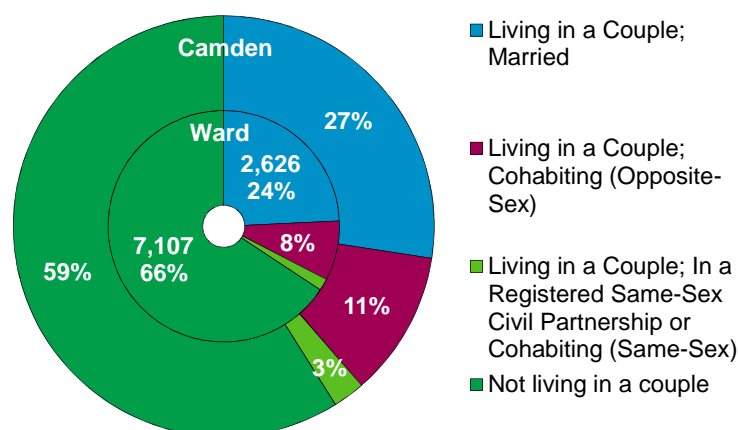
Age structure



In 2011 there were a total of 13,818 residents in St Pancras and Somers Town, compared to 12,490 in 2001.

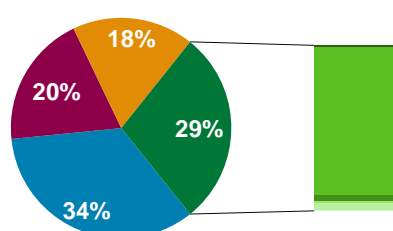
The 20-29 years age group saw the largest increase from 2001 (from 18% to 25%).

Marital and Civil Partnership status



In 2011, 66% of residents in St Pancras and Somers Town were recorded as not living in a couple. This is higher than Camden (59%) and is an increase from the ward's percentage in 2001 (63%).

Religion



St Pancras and Somers Town, 2011



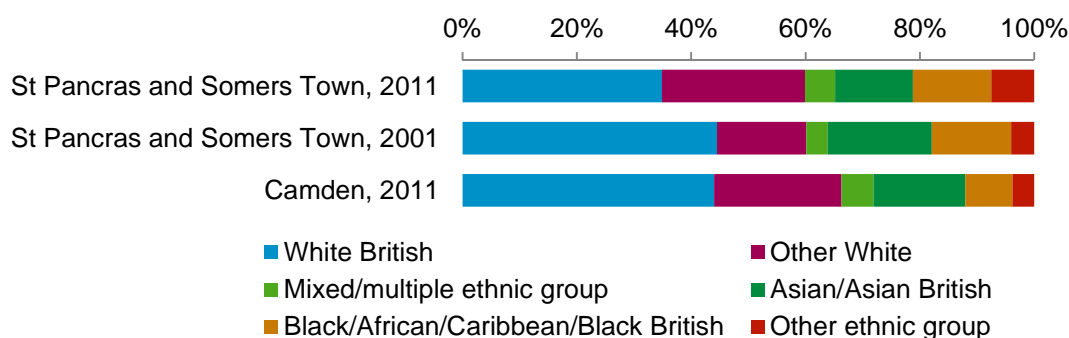
St Pancras and Somers Town, 2001

The percentage of people with no religion in St Pancras and Somers Town has increased from 15% to 20% since 2001, and is the same as in Camden (20%).

Ethnicity and Language

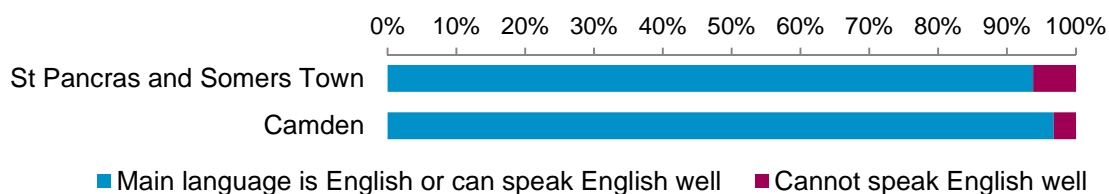
Ethnic Group

In 2011, 35% of people in St Pancras and Somers Town were White British, followed by Other White, which represents 25% of the ward population.



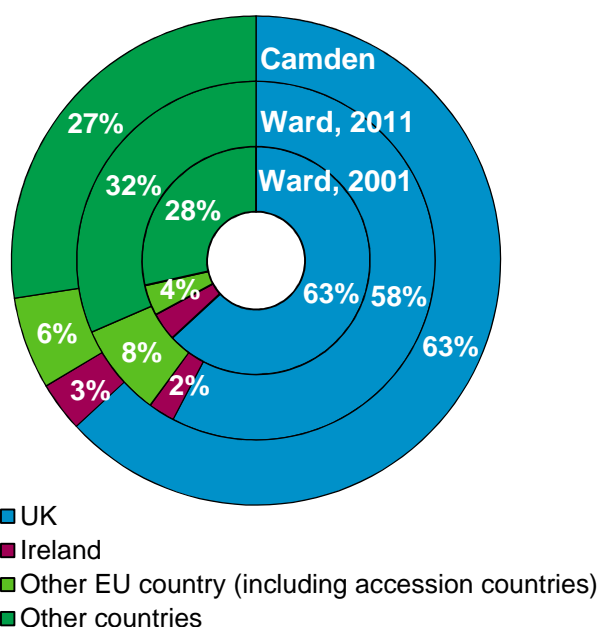
Proficiency in English

In 2011, 825 (6%) of people could not speak English or not speak English very well. This percentage is higher than in Camden overall (3%).

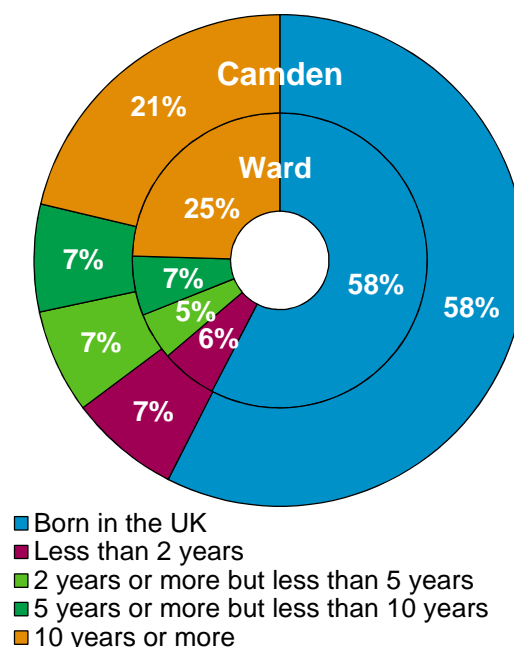


Country of birth and residency

Country of Birth



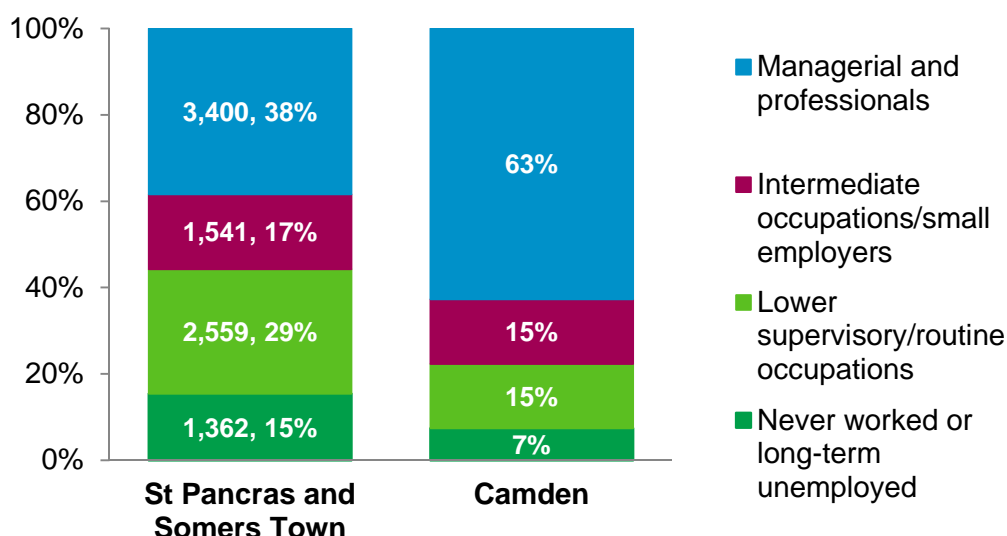
Length of UK residency



The percentage of residents in St Pancras and Somers Town that were born in the UK decreased from 63% in 2001 to 58% in 2011. The percentage of people born in EU countries (including the most recent accession countries) other than the UK and Ireland has increased from 4% in 2001 to 8% in 2011. The percentage of residents in St Pancras and Somers Town who were not born in the UK but have lived in the country for ten years or more is higher in St Pancras and Somers Town (25%) than in Camden (21%).

LABOUR MARKET

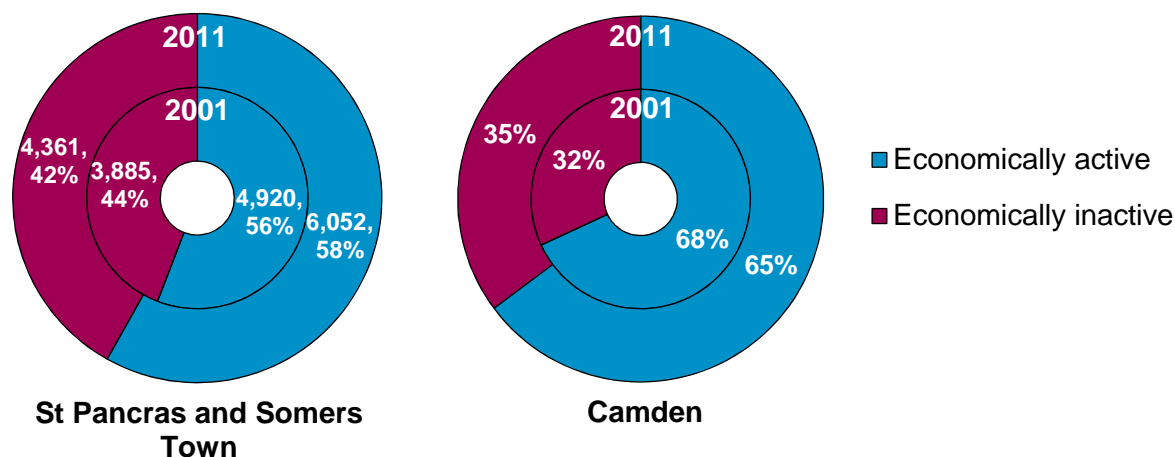
Employment by socio-economic group (NS-SEC)



In 2011, 1,362 residents in St Pancras and Somers Town were long-term unemployed or had never worked, which represents 15% of the ward population (compared to 7% in Camden).

Note: The working age population size does not exactly equal the sum of the individual categories due to rounding.

Economically inactive* working age population (16-74)



In 2011, there were 4,361 (42%) economically inactive residents* in St Pancras and Somers Town, of whom 751 (17%) were long-term sick or disabled (14% in Camden).

* Not in work and not actively seeking work.

Education and qualifications

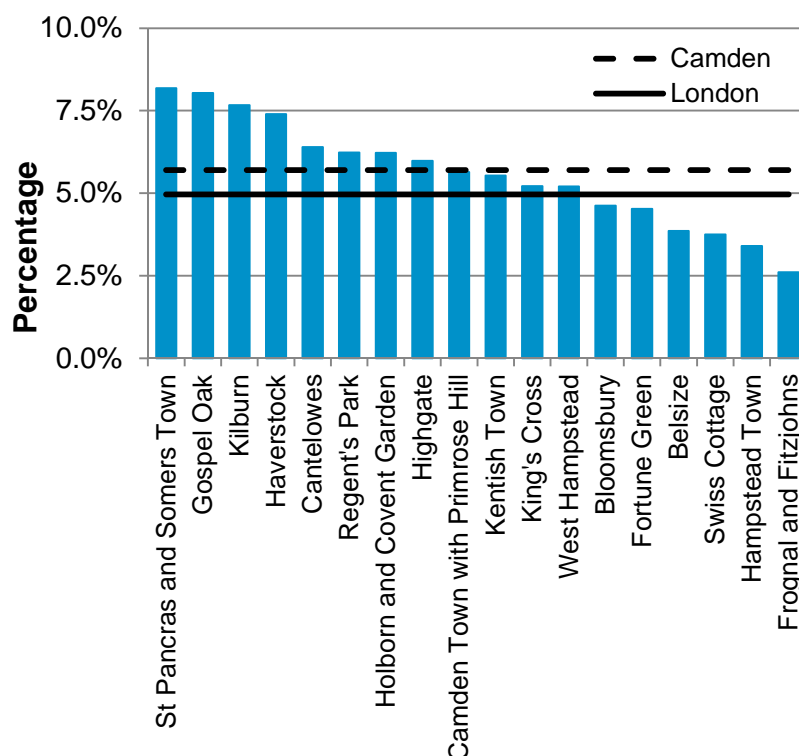
In 2011, St Pancras and Somers Town had a higher percentage of residents aged 16 or over with no qualifications than Camden, and has a lower percentage of residents aged 16 or over with a degree level qualification than Camden.

Ward	No qualification		Degree level	
	2001	2011	2001	2011
St Pancras and Somers Town	2,883 (33%)	2,512 (15%)	2,275 (26%)	3,266 (30%)
Camden	26,935 (17%)	23,451 (11%)	72,945 (47%)	93,453 (42%)

Note: 2001 Census reported data for 16-74 year olds, and 2011 Census reported for all residents aged 16 or over, so figures aren't directly comparable.

HEALTH AND THE PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

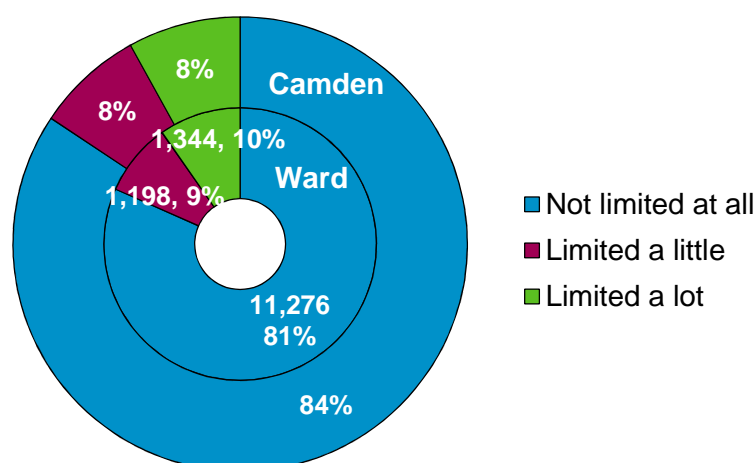
Percentage of residents who rated their health as bad or very bad, Camden wards compared with Camden and London averages, 2011



8% of St Pancras and Somers Town residents rated their health as 'bad' or 'very bad' in 2011, which was higher than Camden (6%). In 2001, 12% of St Pancras and Somers Town residents rated their health as 'not good'.

78% of St Pancras and Somers Town residents rated their health as 'good' or 'very good', which was lower than the Camden average (84%). 10% of St Pancras and Somers Town residents rated their health as fair.

Residents who feel that they are limited by their health in their daily lives, St Pancras and Somers Town compared with Camden.

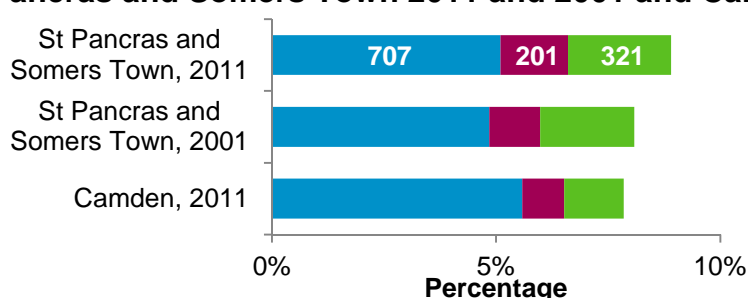


10%

of St Pancras and Somers Town residents felt that they were limited a lot in their daily lives, compared to 8% in Camden.

Note: The question from 2001 is not directly comparable with the 2011 question. In 2001, 20% of residents felt that they had a limiting long-term condition.

Percentage of residents providing unpaid care, by number of hours per week, St Pancras and Somers Town 2011 and 2001 and Camden 2011



Hours per week

0-19

20-49

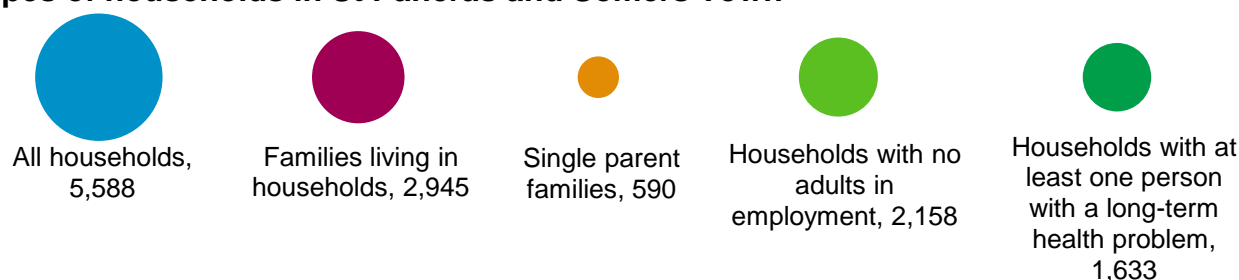
50+

9%

of St Pancras and Somers Town residents provided unpaid care at least once a week, an increase of 1% from 2001.

HOUSEHOLDS

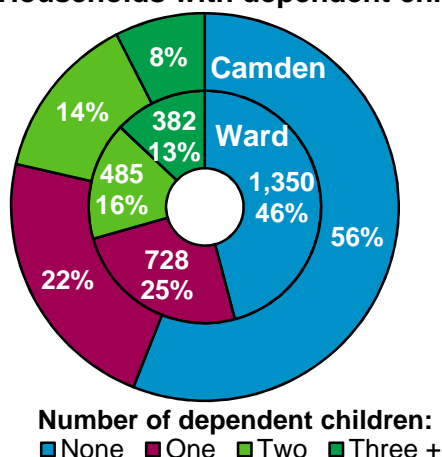
Types of households in St Pancras and Somers Town



Note: These categories are not mutually exclusive.

Dependent children

Households with dependent children



Breakdown of all dependent children in St Pancras and Somers Town

3,087
dependent children.

499 (16%)
dependent children lived in a household where no adult was employed, compared to 17% in Camden.

359 (12%)
dependent children lived in a household where at least one adult had a long-term health condition, compared to 12% in Camden.

Lone parent families



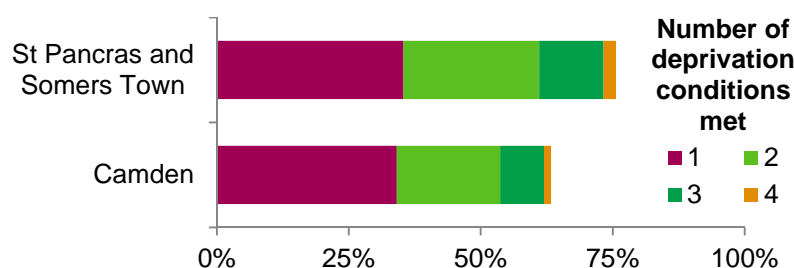
590
lone parents

106 (18%)
lone parents worked full-time in St Pancras and Somers Town compared to 21% in Camden.

141 (24%)
lone parents worked part-time in St Pancras and Somers Town, compared to 23% in Camden.

343 (58%)
lone parents were unemployed in St Pancras and Somers Town in 2011, compared to 67% in 2001, and 56% in Camden.

Deprivation



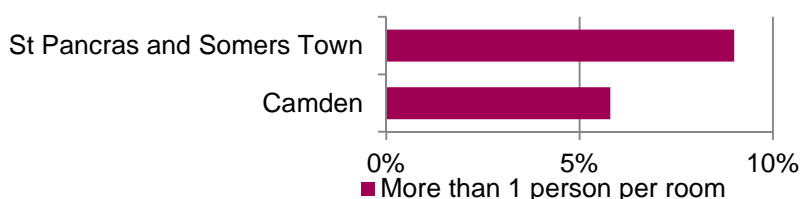
40%
of St Pancras and Somers Town households met two or more of the ONS' deprivation conditions in 2011, compared to 29% in Camden.

Note: Deprivation conditions: any household member is unemployed or long-term sick; no household member has at least a level 2 education and none are full-time students; any household member has long-term health problem or rates their health as bad or very bad; household is overcrowded, shared, or lacks central heating.

LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

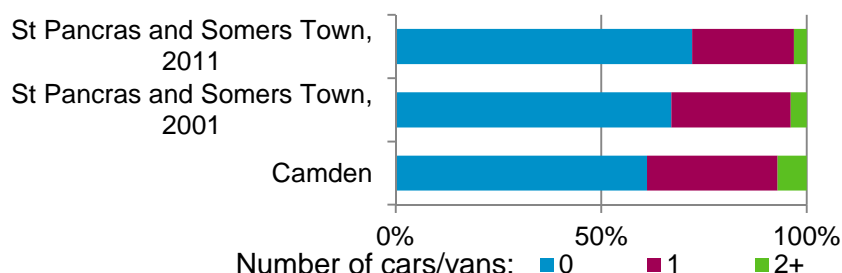
Household size

502 (9%) households in St Pancras and Somers Town had more than one person per room compared to 6% in Camden.

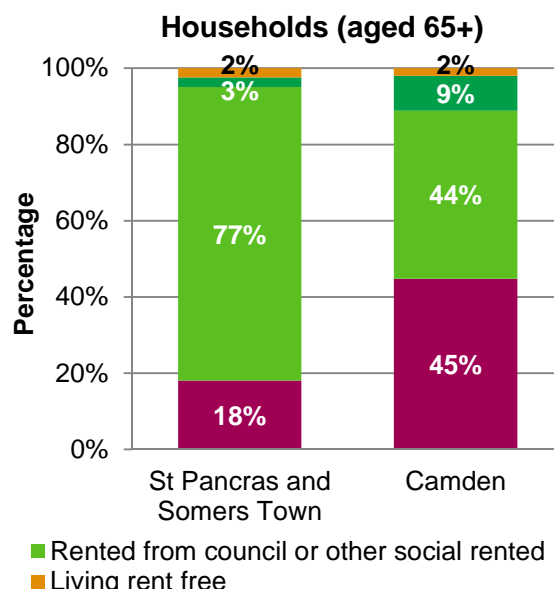
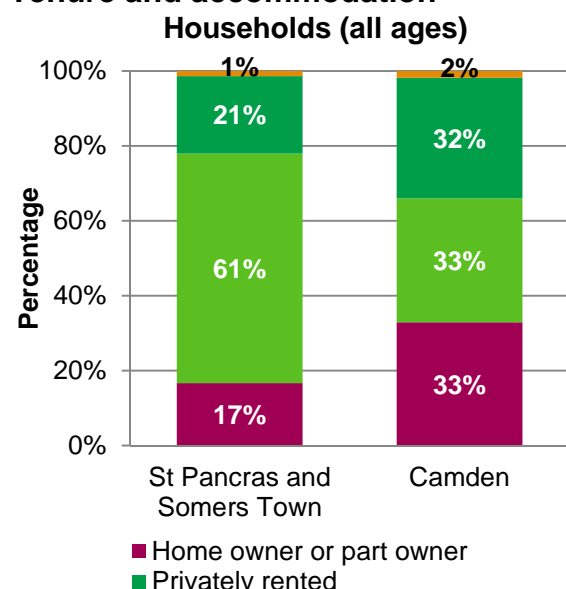


Car ownership

4,028 (72%) households in St Pancras and Somers Town had no access to a car or van in 2011 compared to 67% in 2001.



Tenure and accommodation

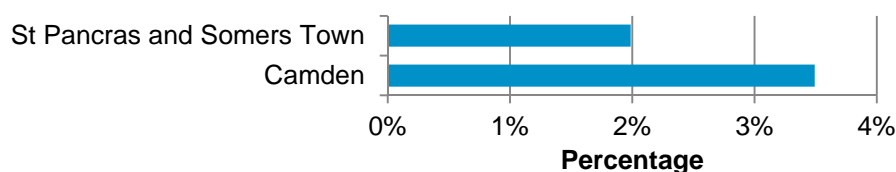


In 2011, 929 (21%) households in St Pancras and Somers Town had a head of household aged 65 or over, compared to 24% in Camden.

3,422 (61%) households in St Pancras and Somers Town lived in a property rented from the council or another social landlord, compared to 44% among households whose head was aged 65 or over, and 33% among all households in Camden.

Central heating

111 (2%) households in St Pancras and Somers Town had no central heating in 2011 compared to 3% in 2001. In 2011, the percentage of homes without central heating in St Pancras and Somers Town was lower than Camden (3%).



This profile has been produced by the Camden and Islington Public Health Intelligence Team. For more information contact publichealth.intelligence@islington.gov.uk or call 020 7527 1240. The main authors of these ward profiles were Ester Romeri, David Clifford, Lucy Lloyd, and Fatima Salih.